The Ruling on Mocking Islamic Matters

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THE RULING ON MOCKING ISLAMIC MATTERS

QUESTION: What is the ruling on Muslims joking about Islamic ordains and rituals like Niqaab, beard or wearing pants above the ankles, or mocking those who adhere to them? There are comedians who make a living out of this, jokes like these even go on in private gatherings among Muslims and non Muslims. What is the ruling on Muslims participating in this?

ANSWER: At a time when we see the status of the Ummah and what is going on, where there is a war waged on Islam and practicing Muslims, it is very, very sad to see that there are people who are alleged Muslims choosing to take the route of mocking their brothers and sisters, siding with Kufr and Kuffaar, knowingly or unknowingly. How dare one mock a sister trying to look like Aishah and Hafsa radhiallahu ‘anhum. Those who mock Niqaab and Hijaab side with the leaders of countries who openly and clearly say Niqaab will not be welcome in our lands, that is the freedom they offer. Their women have the legal right to choose to show their bare breasts in public, but a modest, honourable Muslim woman cannot choose what Hijaab to wear. That is the freedom they talk about, that is democracy, that is the Hukm of Jaahiliyyah. That is the people who Allah said:

They are like cattle, nay even more astray. (Surat al-A’raaf: 179)

That is the filth of Kufr. Sisters get dragged physically and through court summons in Europe and other parts of the world, because they want to look like Umm Salamah and Aishah radhiallahu ‘anhum. That is part of the problem. They drag them claiming a Niqaab goes against freedom and dignity, wherein they themselves have absolutely not an ounce of freedom or dignity.

Our sisters go all through that, that is a problem. But the bigger problem is those in the Ummah who have nothing to joke about but these pious, chaste, struggling, honourable women. Have you ever imagined what a Niqaabi for example goes through on a daily basis? Last week I was in Chicago and a brother invited me to go to a mall that is approximately two hours away from Chicago, in the suburbs of Chicago. For the first time in seventeen years, I stepped foot in a mall, and one of the first sights I saw was people glancing at a woman, eyes staring at her from every angle and laughter and mocking. Wallahi I made Du’aa for her from the bottom of my heart. In a place where you never see Muslims, there was a Niqaabi, that is who they were staring at and mocking. Whereas if someone partially naked showed up, they would not have even bothered to look or joke or mock. Wallahil-Latheeha Laa Ilaalaha Illa Huwa, Wallahi I have never seen a Niqaabi in the United States except that I made Du’aa for her.
Imagine with me what she goes through in the United States where she can legally wear her Niqaab, let alone other places where she would go to jail for it. The glances of the people, the words thrown at her, the laughter, the winking and gestures that she has to see and hear and at times even the physical assault. Imagine her on a red light, to her left is the glancing and the staring and to the right is the mocking and degrading. And then a Muslim who allegedly loves Allah and the Mothers of the Believers has the audacity to utter a joke about this sister wearing Niqaab, or a brother who is compliance of a Waajib with a Lihyah (a beard).

If you cannot support them in their struggle to wear Hijaab and Niqaab, grow their beards and wear their clothes above their ankles, then is there anything less than one keeping his mouth shut? How many youth and youngsters saw a video of someone mocking a Hijaabi, Niqaabi or a bearded brother and heard that joke from Muslims, and it was embedded in the back of their mind to be repeated over and over again? Some of them memorise these jokes and use them against those who carry out these Islamic obligations. Or how many kids and adults think less of those brothers and sisters who are merely in compliance of the ordains because of these jokes? Even if you adopt the wrong opinion, the weaker opinion for example of Niqaab, that it is not Fardh, you have no business mocking them.

Those same characters who use these matters as tools for laughter, if one was to joke about his mother, what would he tell you? He would tell you stop, this is not a joking matter, his mother is not a joking matter. Those women with Hijaab and Niqaab are mimicking the Mothers of the Believers and the daughters of the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam.

Tell your wives and your daughters and the women of the believers to draw their cloaks (veils) all over their bodies. (Surat al-Ahzaab: 59)

Same with bearded brothers and those who raise their pants above their ankles. That is why some scholars said mocking Islamic matters or directly mocking Allah and the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam and the verses of Allah, are all the same.

Who is the one growing the beard trying to look like? Musa, ‘Isa, Haroon:
Seize (me) not by my beard, nor by my head! (Surat Taha: 94)

When he got into a struggle with Musa and Musa grabbed his beard. Abu Bakr, Umar, Uthman and Ali. Not doing a matter in Islam even if it is obligatory, not wearing Hijaab, not not wearing Niqaab, not growing your beard, these matters are sin. Sometimes major, sometimes minor, but if he is Muslim and makes Salah, even if he does not repent, one’s destiny at the end is to Heaven Inshaa Allah because that is only a sin. The forgiveness of Allah could overwhelm him, the Shafaa’ah of the Messengers and righteous believers could overwhelm him, or worst case scenario he goes to Hell for a duration of time for the sin and then he goes back into Heaven. May Allah guard us even from that.

One who wears a Hijaab and mocks it falls in this category. Look at the precise wording that I am going to say, those who mock these have committed an act of Kufr. There are rules and regulations for Takfeer and it is a very sensitive issue, and there are Fataawa by old and contemporary scholars that substantiate this. That is all we are conveying, a Fatwa of the ‘Ulamaa. Abdullah Ibn Qa’ood, Ibn ad-Dayyaan, Abdur-Raaziq Afeefi, Ibn Baaz and many of the older scholars all agree on this opinion.

In the famous book Asbaab An-Nuzool by Waahidi, let me give you the background of the story. The Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam was heading to Tabook to fight and on the way there they camped. So there was the close knit with the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam who camped with the Prophet and another group who were further away who camped by themselves. Here is how the story unfolds, Ibn Umar radhiallahu ‘anhuma narrates what happened. He said during the Battle of Tabook, a man in the other camp (the second camp) said we have not seen like these reciters of the Qur’an, you see those guys who recite the Qur’an.

ما رَأَيْنَا مِثَالَ قُرَّائِنَا هَؤُلَاءِ ، أَرْغَبَ بُطُونًا...

They like to fill their bellies with food, greedy bellies:

أَرْغَبَ بُطُونًا

وَلَّا أَكَذَّبَ أَلْسَنًا...

Their tongues are lying tongues. Big bellies and untruthful tongues, they are mocking reciters of the Qur’an.

وَلَّا أَجَبَنَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ أَلْسَنًا...
And they are the most cowardly when the combat happens. Basically they eat a lot, they lie and they are cowards. They are talking about reciters of the Qur’an, mocking them and joking around.

فَقَالَ رَجُلٌ في الْمَجَالِسِ: كَذَبْتُ ، وَلَكِنْكُمْ مُتَافِقُونَ...

A man sitting with them said you are a liar, you are a hypocrite. Based on what he heard from him, he said you are a hypocrite, and the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam never denounced this man for calling him a hypocrite.

لَا تُخَابِرَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ...

I am going to go tell the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam.

فَبَلَغَ ذَلِكَ النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ... 

The matter reached the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam. Either the man went and told him or Allah had told him or most likely it was both of them, Allah had revealed and then this man went and told him what that man had mocked the reciters of the Qur’an with.

Abdullah Ibn Umar said:

فَأَنَا رَأَيْتُهُ مُتَعَلَّقًا بِحَقَبِ نَاقَةِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ نَحْوَهُ الْحِجَارَةُ...

I saw him grabbing the bridle of the horse of the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam and it dragging him. He is grabbing the horse and it is dragging him on the stones, he is hanging because he wants to speak to the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam. He is telling the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam:

وَهُوَ يَقُولُ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ، إِنَّمَا كُنَّا نَخُوضُونَ وَنَلَعْبُ... 

He is saying O Prophet of Allah, it was only idle talk and just play. It was idle talk and just play, note he did not even say we were mocking, he did not even think of it as mocking, he said it was idle talk and just play.
And the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam telling him:

Arduino Allah, and His Ayaat (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc) and His Messenger (sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam) that you were mocking?” Make no excuse; you have disbelieved after you had believed. (Surat at-Tawbah: 65-66)

You have disbelieved after you were believers. Allah reveals Ayaat in the Qur’an about this, let us go through them.

If you ask them (about this), they declare: “We were only talking idly and joking.” (Surat at-Tawbah: 65)

If you ask them O Muhammad, they will say it was idle talk and play. That is all it was, it was idle talk and play. Pay attention, this sentence shows that they did not even really mean to mock, they did not reach the level of mocking because their reply was:

It was idle talk and play, not mocking. They did not say we were mocking, they did not say:

They said:

It was idle talk and play. They did not say we were mocking, that was not even their intention. Mocking is here, idle talk and play was here. And in some narrations it was that
they said O Prophet we were just talking because we wanted the distance to become shorter with just idle talk.

Allah said to them in the Qur’an:

قُل أَبِي اللَّـهِ وَآيَاتِهِ وَرَسُولِهِ كُنتُمْ تَسَاءَتُونَ (التوبة: ۶۵)

Say: “Was it at Allah, and His Ayaat (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc) and His Messenger (sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam) that you were mocking?” (Surat at-Tawbah: 65)

In Allah, His verses and His revelation and His Messenger do you scoff and mock? You did not find anything else to joke about? Note, these people, did they mock Allah directly? No. Did they mock the Qur’an directly or verses in the Qur’an? No. Did they mock the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam directly? No, they mocked the reciters of the Qur’an. Then why when Allah was denouncing them did He say, you mock Allah, the verses and the Messenger? Why did Allah not say you mock the reciters of the Qur’an? He said you mock Allah, the Messenger and the verses, when all they did was mock reciters of the Qur’an. They mocked the reciters of the Qur’an because of their Islamic significance, so it is as if they mocked Allah, the verses and the Messenger. That is the point Allah is trying to get to you.

See how dangerous it is? It is no joke and it is no game. They mocked reciters of the Qur’an, Allah responded saying you mock Allah, His Messenger and the verses? You mock a bearded Muslim for his beard, you mock Allah, His verses and His Messenger. You mock a Niqaabi for her Niqaab, we say you mock Allah, His verses and His Messenger. You mock a Hijaabi or a bearded brother, we say you mock Allah, His Messenger and the verses.

The final judgment has been entered by Allah:

لا تَعْتَذَّرُوا قَدْ كَفَرْتُم بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ... (التوبة: ۶۶)

Make no excuse; you have disbelieved after you had believed. (Surat at-Tawbah: 66)

Do not even think about apologising, make no excuse, you have become disbelievers after you were believers.

And here is an important detail, pay attention to this detail, those people Allah declared Kuffaar were not hypocrites before this matter. You hear scholars call them hypocrites, there were hypocrites who fought and went along with the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam like Abdullah Ibn Ubayy Ibn Abi Salool who was a known hypocrite. If scholars refer to these here who mocked as hypocrites based on what they did of mocking, then yes they
did become hypocrites and Kuffaar because of that. But some scholars allege they were hypocrites before they even mocked and they were just going along with the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam. That is wrong, they were believers fighting with the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam. They were putting their lives on the line for the sake of the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam, yet they were rendered non believers for a little joke they made. What can one say about those who never even broke a sweat in Allah and His Messenger’s rightful cause, yet they want to mock rituals, Sunnahs and ordains?

The solid proof that they were not originally hypocrites as some scholars say, is in the verse:

كَفَرأُم بَعَدَ إِيمَانِكُمَّ

You have disbelieved after you were believers. After you were believers. Some scholars went to an extreme to say that they were believers in their tongue but not in their heart, meaning they were hypocrites. So Allah said believers as in believers in tongue but not in the heart. In reality, they are trying to say that mocking did not cause them to become disbelievers, they were already hypocrites as they were only believers by their tongues.

However, Ibn Taymiyyah responded to this and said Allah never calls a hypocrite a believer in the Qur’an, just because he believed by his tongue. They were believers and they were rendered disbelievers, Allah said it:

بَعِدَ إِيمَانِكُمَّ

They were in reality believers because Allah called them so, otherwise Allah would never call hypocrites believers even if they believed in their tongue but not in their heart.

Another point, there are some matters where as a rule in Takfeer, ignorance of it being Kufr is an excuse. It could be an excuse that I did not know it would cause me to be a Kaafir. Ibn Taymiyyah in Kitaab Al-Imaan said these people here did not think that they were committing Kufr, yet they were still considered Kuffaar. He is saying mocking and ridiculing Islamic matters is Kufr, even if one did not know it will make him a Kaafir. Shaykh Sulaymaan al-‘Alwaan said this verse is clear proof in Kufr of one who mocks Allah, His Messenger and verses. If he considers it Halaal or if he considered Haraam, merely mocking renders one an apostate by Ijmaa’ of all the scholars, even if he did not mean the mocking but was merely joking and playing.
If We pardon some of you, We will punish others amongst you because they were Mujrimoon (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc). (Surat at-Tawbah: 66)

Some repented and others did not.

This applies to mocking punishments of Allah like Heaven or Hell or aspects of Hell or aspects of Heaven. This applies to mocking those who ordain the good and forbid the evil and people who go along with that. It applies to mocking Salah or aspects of Salah, even Sunnah Salah, not necessary Waajib Salah. Even Sunnah Salah, mocking that or those who pray, because of their Salah. Or someone who shortens their Thobe or their pants in accordance to the teaching of the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam, or one who has a beard, because of his beard. Or a Hijaabiyyah for her Hijaab or a Niqaabiyyah for her Niqaab, or a Siwaak, a mere Siwaak (the toothbrush). This is by the rules of the scholars who know the rules and regulations of Takfeer, because as I said it is a sensitive issue.

Some scholars divided the mocking into two categories. Direct statements and writing, if you write it or say it, that is direct. But the other category which is just like that is gestures. You see someone in Niqaab, they smirk, smile, laugh, they stick a tongue out or there are many types of gestures where you show that you are mocking someone. Any of that is just as though one said something, the ruling on both types of mocking is the same.

The next point is an essential point, do not ever sit with anyone who goes near this issue. If there is a gathering and joking kicks off related to this matter over here, if you attend an event where this goes on or there is a comedy show, TV show, Youtube show or anywhere else, flee with your Imaan like there is a lion behind you out to get you, before you lose your Imaan. Flee and run away.

The rule in Islam is that when there is something Haraam, you do not participate in it, you do not go near it and you do not support it. Like Zina:

وَلََ تـَقأرَبُوا الزَّنَىٰ... (الإسراء: 32)

And come not near to the unlawful sexual intercourse. (Surat al-Israa’: 32)

Allah said do not go near Zina. He did not say do not commit it, He said do not go near it. You do not sit on a table where there is alcohol and say I am not drinking, you do not do that. You do not go to a casino and say I am not gambling. That is in matters of Haraam, you do not go near the Haraam, you do not participate in it, you do not condone it and you do not support it. This matter is worse because there is a specific verse about not going near it in the Qur’an:
And it has already been revealed to you in the Book (this Qur’an) that when you hear the Verses of Allah being denied and mocked at, then sit not with them, until they engage in a talk other than that; (but if you stayed with them) certainly in that case you would be like them. Surely, Allah will collect the hypocrites and disbelievers all together in Hell. (Surat an-Nisaa’: 140)

Do not go near them, do not sit with them until they engage in another talk, until they change the subject. Do not go near them, a clear verse in the Qur’an. Do not sit and watch a comedian who mocks any aspect of Islam, any tiny aspect of Islam. Do not ever sit with a relative of yours, with a friend of yours who utters a joke pertaining to mocking any Islamic issue or those who practice it, ever. It only gets worse when you hear those so called Du’aat of ours today in the United States especially, who want to give the look that they are all cool and all that and make their audience think that they are all cool, and then sit and mock issues of Islam forgetting this important aspect of Islam.

Allah tells them:

If you stay with them you are like them. If you listen to it, you participate in it, you do not walk off, you are like them. Like them what? Kuffaar like them. Unless you forbid the Munkar and tell them they are wrong and walk away, then you are like them.

Then the end of the verse says:

Allah is gathering the hypocrites and the Kuffaar in Hellfire all together.

And note something very unique about this end of the verse, Allah says He is gathering the Munaafiqeen and the Kuffaar in Hellfire. This is the end of the verse, wherein the beginning
of the verse He is talking about those who mock. So the end of the verse tied to the beginning of the verse is the icing on the cake to prove the Kufr of one who mocks Allah and His Messengers, those who follow in accordance with any of that and you mock them, or anyone mocks them because of that. Wal-‘lyaathu Billah, it is a matter of Kufr and Imaan. Whoever is involved in this or was involved in this, let him go take a shower and say Shahaaadah and repent not to ever do this again, so he can rejoin the masses of the Muslim Ummah.

Sayyid Saabiq in his book Fiqh As-Sunnah which you all, he said a believer who gives his Shahaaadah and becomes Muslim can never be considered a Kaafir unless his heart and breast is overwhelmed with Kufr, he adopts Kufr and acts upon it. And then he mentions examples of exemptions from that, and he said mocking the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam. Al-Bahooti al-Hanbali, the big Hanbali Imaam, in his Kitaab Al-Rawdh Al-Murabba’ (الروض المربع) he mentions this issue. So does Ibn Qudaamah in Al-Mughni, so do other scholars like Ibn Mulaqqin in At-Tathkirah (التذكرة), famous scholars. All said that mocking is Kufr, so did the ones I just mentioned earlier, Abdullah Ibn Qa’ood, Ibn ad-Dayyaan, al-Afeefi, Shaykh Ibn Baaz and others. This is what I relate to you from what the ‘Ulamaa and the Salaf say is Kufr, according to their rules and regulations derivative from the Qur’an and the Sunnah.

Allah does not leave those who mock His Qur’an and His Sunnah and His believers without humiliation in this life before the life after. Subhan Allah it is a Sunnah of Allah, He always humiliates them in this life. In Bukhari and Muslim there is an authentic Hadith, in Bukhari it is a Christian man who became a believer and then rendered a non believer. In Muslim, it is a man from Bani Najjaar. He read al-Baqarah and Aali Imraan and he used to write for the Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam.

كان نصرانيًا فأسلم... 

فعُاد نصرانيًا فكان يقول: ما يذكر محرم إلا ما كتبته له... 

He was a Christian and he became a believer, then he went back to being a Christian. Then he said Muhammad knows only what I wrote for him (because he used to write for the Prophet Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam). He said I used to write for him the revelation. Years went on, years went on.

فاماته الله فقدفتوه، فاصبح وقدد لفظته الأرض...
He went and they buried him after he died. The next morning, they found him on the surface of the earth.

... فقالوا: هذا فعل مُحَمَّد وأصحابه، لَمَّا هَرَب منْهُم نبشوَّا عَنْ صاحِبِيَّا

فَأَلْفَوهُ...

They said Muhammad and his friends came here at night, dug up the grave and took him up to the surface. They are evil people who came, this is what they are basically saying.

Muhammad and his people came and dug him and put him on the surface of the earth.

The next day:

فَحَفَرُوا له فَأَعْمَقوْا، فأصبح وَقَد لَفَظَ تِنَّهُمْ الأَرْضَ...

For the second time they dug the grave (a deeper grave) and they put him in there. The next morning they find him on the surface again, so now it is the third day.

فَقَالُوا: هذا فعل مُحَمَّد وأصحابِه نبشوَّا عَنْ صاحِبِيَّا لَمَّا هَرَب منْهُمْ

فَأَلْفَوهُ...

They said this is Muhammad and his friends, they dug up his grave and they brought this man to the surface again.

So now it is the final time:

فَحَفَرُوا له...

They dug up for him.

وَأَعْمَقوْا لِه فِي الأَرْضِ مَا اسْتَطَاعْوُا...  

They dug up for him a very, very, very deep grave, as deep as they could.

And then the next morning:

فَأَصِبَحَ قد لَفَظَ تِنَّهُمْ الأَرْض، فَعَلَمُوْا أَنَّه لَيْس مِن النَّاس فَأَلْفَوهُ...
وَ فِي رِوَايَةٍ: فَنُبِّذُوهُ

They woke up, they found him after that big grave, on the surface again. So they knew it was not from Muhammad sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam or his men, they left him and abandoned him.

A very last note, there is a difference between mocking someone for himself and for an Islamic significance. For example a bearded man, if you mock him for being fat, skinny, talks funny or something, that is a sin. It could be a major or minor sin, you do not mock anyone but that is a sin. However, if it relates to Islam, if it goes to the beard, then that is when it becomes Kufr. There is a distinguishing between the two, one is sin, one is an act of Kufr. So you have to distinguish between those two matters.

There are plenty of matters to joke about, be truthful and joke. The Prophet sallallahu ‘alayhi wa sallam and the Sahaabah joked so why do we have to go to areas that are Haraam? It is nice to have fun but keep them in the Halaal.